



Application Instructions STEEL-IT 1050 Polyurethane Topcoat – Dove Gray

System	 2 coats STEEL-IT 1050 Polyurethane Topcoat – Dove Gray at 3 mils (0.003"; 75 microns) Dry Film Thickness (DFT) per coat, for a total of 6 mils (0.006"; 150 microns) DFT For harsh conditions, a 3rd coat is recommended for a total of 9 mils (0.009"; 225 microns) DFT A single coat is 8 mils (0.008"; 205 microns) Wet Film Thickness (WFT) and dries to 3 mils 				
Surface Preparation	(0.003"; 75 microns) DFT. STEEL-IT coatings adhere to metal surfaces through mechanical adhesion and require a rough profile on the bare metal – ideally achieved by grit-blasting or power-sanding. The surface once properly prepared should feel like the striking area on a matchbox.				
	 Surfaces should be clean and free of all rust, paint, greases, waxes, salts, dirt, etc. For best results, grit-blast to SSPC SP-6 (Commercial Blast). Anchor pattern should be cut and angular at 1.5 - 2.0 mils deep (0.0015" – 0.0020"; 38-50 microns). Power-sanding with a dual-action sander or random orbital sander using #36 grit sandpaper will achieve similar results on steel. After grit-blasting, blow any remaining grit material off using an air hose and/or solvent clean the surface with acetone or alcohol. Avoid using products that leave behind an oily residue (such as mineral spirits). 				
Ambient Conditions	 Apply when ambient and substrate surface temperatures are 50 °F -120 °F (10 °C - 49 °C) Relative humidity less than 85% Temperature of substrate surface and coating are at least 5 °F (2.75 °C) above the dew point. Climate conditions (e.g. high humidity or high aridity) will impact coating dry/cure time. Longer cure times may be necessary for higher humidity or colder climates. Spraying speed and technique may need to be adjusted. 				
Agitation	 Power agitate the can for 5 minutes with a mechanical paint shaker. This can also be accomplished using a mechanically driven paddle at the end of a drill, for example. <u>Hand stirring using a wooden stick will not provide sufficient agitation to properly prepare STEEL-IT for application</u>. 				
Thinning	 If agitated properly, STEEL-IT coatings should not require thinning with solvents before use. Adding thinner or reducer is highly discouraged because they increase the chance of trapping solvents and may negatively affect the coating's proper drying and curing processes. A very limited amount of mineral spirits can be added if thinning is absolutely necessary - do not dilute the coating more than 5%. 				
Application Method	 Spray from a distance of 12-16" (30-40 cm) making multiple passes to achieve proper coating wet film build. Overlap the spray paint pattern by 50% Spraying speed should be faster in drier and hotter climates. 				
	A 1st COAT	MOUNT TO APPLY:	8 mils (0.008"; 205 microns) Wet Film Thickness (WFT)		
		AIR DRY TIME FTER APPLICATION:	4 – 24 hours		
	2 nd COAT	MOUNT TO APPLY:	8 mils (0.008"; 205 microns) Wet Film Thickness (WFT)		
		AIR DRY TIME FTER APPLICATION:	5-7 days		





Additional Coats	• Apply 3 rd Coat	to cure for 4-24 ho	ours		31
Wet/Dry Film Build	 For each coat, apply 8 mils (0.008"; 205 microns) Wet Film Thickness (WFT) to achieve 3 mils (0.003"; 75 microns) DFT per coat. Use a Wet Film Thickness Gauge when the coating is wet to measure film build per coat during application. For proper performance, the end total DFT of STEEL-IT coating applied should be 6 mils (0.006"; 150 microns) DFT. For parts exposed to harsher conditions, we recommend achieving 9 mils (0.009"; 225 microns) total DFT. We do not recommend using an electronic gauge to measure Dry Film Thickness. For an explanation, please refer to the FAQs on STEEL-IT.com 				
Recommended Spray Gun Equipment	 equipment for use Actual setting conditions. In tip. Please adju 	with STEEL-IT 105 s may differ due to some cases, it may ust spraying as nec	essary for the prope	coat – Dove Gr acturer, altitude e a slightly narr er wet film build	ay. e, or weather ower fluid nozzle or
	Conventional Gravity Feed	Transfer Efficiency (est.):	Fluid Nozzle:	Air	Pressure:
	Air Spray Guns Notes From The Spray Gun Testers:	25%2.2 - 2.7 mm60 psiFpro G Manual Airspray Gravity Spray Gun used with conventional air cap and a 2.2mm fluid nozzle with the cup strainer removed. The fluid nozzle and lack of strainer restriction resulted in enough fluid flow at the current viscosity to achieve a 2.5-3 inch-wide pattern using 60 psi (dynamic) of atomization air. Though restricted at this viscosity, the Fpro G could be a potential applicator choice as a low-cost option for touch-ups or small hobbyist projects.			
	Conventional	Transfer	Fluid Nozzle:		Pressure:
	Pressure Feed	Efficiency (est.):			
	Air Spray Guns Notes From The Spray Gun Testers:	30%1.8 mm60 psiFpro P Airspray Manual Spray Gun used with conventional air cap and a 1.8mm fluid nozzle. 60psi (dynamic) of fluid pressure from the Prima 1:1 diaphragm pump allowed for maximum flow at viscosity of approximately 140cc/m. With 45 psi (dynamic) of atomization air, a 5-6.5 inch-wide pattern was achieved. Using the larger 2.3mm or 2.7mm fluid nozzles and a higher atomization air (to the higher side of conventional), you will be able to achieve a larger pattern with the same fluid pressure. With higher flowrates and longer continuous use, the Fpro P in the conventional configuration would be a step-up in cost, but also improved performance and efficiency compared to the Fpro G.			
	Airmix	Transfer	Tin	Fluid	Air Pressure

Airmix ("AAA", or "Air Assisted	Transfer Efficiency (est.):	Tip:	Fluid Pressure:	Air Pressure When Triggered:
Airless") Guns	80%	0.015" and 24VX	1000 psi	12.5 psi
	00%	HVLP air cap	(dynamic)	(dynamic)



Notes From The Spray Gun Testers:	Airmix Xcite+ manual paint spray gun used with a 12-094 (0.015") tip, a 24VX HVLP air cap, and a 100 mesh in gun filter. 1000 psi (dynamic) of fluid pressure from a 30c25 3:1 piston pump providing 440cc/m of fluid flow. With 10 psi (dynamic) of atomization air, achieved a 5-6 inch-wide pattern while staying within HLVP compliance at the air cap. The Xcite+ provides a wider range of usable spray patterns utilizing similar tip orifice size with different available tip spray angles. The tip size and pressure parameters tested worked well in the middle ground of Airmix fluid pressures, allowing flexibility with the application.
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Heated Airmix ("Heated AAA", or "Heated Air	Transfer Efficiency (est.):	Tip:	Fluid Pressure:	Air Pressure When Triggered:
Assisted Airless") Guns	80%	0.015″	1000 psi (dynamic)	10 psi
Notes From The Spray Gun Testers:	100 mesh in gun 30c25 3:1 piston psi (dynamic) of a	filter. 1000 ps pump provid atomization a ying within H ower viscosity	si (dynamic) of flu ing 500cc/m of flu ir, achieved a 5-6 LVP compliance / (30 seconds EZ	at the air cap. The Zahn#4) of the

Airless Spray	Transfer Efficiency (est.):	Tip:	Fluid Pressure When Triggered:
Guns	50%	0.015" Tip Top reversible tip	2000 psi (dynamic)
Notes From The Spray Gun Testers:	reversible tip and pressure from a 4 flow. With the 12- pattern size could sizes and tip spray choice for its ease	a 100mesh in gun 0c100 40:1 piston p 13 tip, the pattern I easily be changed y angles. The SFlow e of use, possible flu	h a 12-13 (0.015") Tip Top filter. 2000 psi (dynamic) of fluid oump providing 700cc/m of fluid was 8-9.5 inches wide. The I with larger or smaller tip orifice would be a good applicator uid flowrates, and the easy to fer efficiency over the Airmix

Dry Time and Recoat Windows	 Dry to touch: 2 hours Tack-free to handle: 4 hours Dry to recoat window: 4-24 hours If more than 24 hours passes between coats, a light scuff-sanding using #400-600 grit sandpaper is required before applying an additional coat
Curing	 Full cure in 5-7 days after final coat Recommended cure time can vary based on ambient temperature and humidity. Air cure with ambient and substrate surface temperatures of 50 °F -120 °F (10 °C - 49 °C) Heating to expedite curing time is not recommended and may interfere with proper cure. Cure time required before part can be packaged or put into service depends on how the part will be used. Please refer to FAQs on STEEL-IT.com for details. Cure and corrosion resistance is accelerated initially and will continue to improve over 4–6 week period



Welding	 Allow a full 7-days cure before welding TIG or MIG welding Seamless touch-up with STEEL-IT Polyurethane Aerosol
Safety	 Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator with an organic vapor cartridge Use nitrile gloves Apply STEEL-IT in a well-ventilated area
Cleanup	Use mineral spirits for clean up

Properties

Properties Property	STEEL-IT 1050 Liquid	Safety Data Sheets (SDS) and Technical Data Sheets (TDS) available online at:
Color	Dove Gray, satin finish	STEEL-IT.com
Weight (calculated)	10.1 ± 0.3 lbs/gal (4.6 Kg/gal)	- Please contact us to discuss your specific application needs:
Coverage @ 3 mil (0.003"; 75 microns) DFT*	193 sq ft/gal (17.9 sq m/gal)	All users are responsible for conducting testing to determine the suitability of STEEL-IT Brand Coatings for the specific requirements of their applications.
* Values assume 20% loss due	to overspray.	- STEEL-IT [®] is a registered trademark of Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc.

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